WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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1. A method for producing an image indicative of temperature change in a sample positioned in an MR imaging system, the steps comprising:

performing an NMR pulse sequence;

measuring the signal phase shift;

correlating the signal phase shift with a temperature change; and constructing a temperature map.

- 2. The method of claim 1 wherein measuring the signal phase shift is further comprised of measuring the change in the resonance frequency of the water proton.
- 3. The method of claim 2 wherein measuring the signal phase shift is further comprised of correlating the change in the resonance frequency of the water proton to a change in temperature.
- 4. The method of claim 3 wherein the temperature map is method for15 constructing a temperature map further comprises:

acquiring a first k-space line in a first plane; acquiring a second k-space line in a second plane; and acquiring a third k-space line in a third plane.

5. The method of claim 4 wherein the image acquisition sequence 20 follows as such:

A(1),B(1),C(1),A(2),B(2),C(2),....,A(25),B(25),C(25),....,A(256),B(256), C(256)

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in which P(i) denotes the i'th k-space line in plane P.

- 6. The method of claim 5 wherein a scan is performed by repeating the steps of claim 5 to produce a corresponding plurality of additional temperature maps.
- The method of claim 6 including the step of periodically updating the temperature map.
 - 8. The method of claim 7 in which the NMR pulse sequences are RF-spoiled gradient echo pulse sequences.
- 9. The method of claim 8 in which a contrast agent is used in the10 sample.
 - 10. The method of claim 9 wherein the contrast agent used is Gd-DPTA.
 - 11. A method for producing an image indicative of temperature change in a sample positioned in an MR imaging system, the steps comprising:

performing an NMR pulse sequence to acquire phase reference images from the sample;

constructing a reference phase image from the sample;

performing an NMR pulse sequence to acquire measurement NMR data from the sample;

measuring the signal phase shift; and producing a temperature map based on the difference phase differences.

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- 12. The method of claim 11 wherein the measurement NMR data is comprised of a plurality of k-space points.
- 13. The method of claim 12 wherein the measurement of NMR data is comprises the steps of:

acquiring a first k-space line from a series of k-space points in a first k-space plane;

acquiring a second k-space line from a series of k-space points in a second k-space plane; and

acquiring a third k-space line from a series of k-space points in a third k
10 space plane.

14. The method of claim 13 wherein the image acquisition sequence follows as such:

in which P(i) denotes the i'th k-space line in plane P.

- 15. The method of claim 14 which further includes periodically updating the reference phase image using measurement NMR data acquired during the scan.
- 16. The method of claim 15 which further includes the step of repeating the steps of claim 11 so as to provide a plurality of additional temperature maps.
- 17. The method of claim 16 wherein measuring the signal phase shift is further comprised of measuring the change in the resonance frequency of the water proton.

- 18. The method of claim 17 wherein measuring the signal phase shift is further comprised of correlating the change in the resonance frequency of the water proton to a change in temperature.
- 19. The method of claim 18 in which a contrast agent is used in the5 sample.
 - 20. The method of claim 19 wherein the contrast agent used is Gd-DPTA.
 - 21. The method of claim 20 in which the NMR pulse sequences are RF-spoiled gradient echo pulse sequences.
 - 22. A method for producing an image indicative of temperature change in a sample positioned in an MR imaging system wherein the MR imaging system acquires data from a plurality of k-space points, the steps comprising:

performing an NMR pulse sequence to acquire phase reference images from the sample;

constructing a reference phase image from the sample;

performing an NMR pulse sequence to acquire measurement NMR data including the steps of;

- (a) acquiring a first k-space line from a series of k-space points in a first k-space plane;
- (b) acquiring a second k-space line from a series of kspace points in a second k-space plane; and

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(c) acquiring a third k-space line from a series of k-space points in a third k-space plane.

measuring the signal phase shift; and producing a temperature map based on the difference phase differences.

- 23. The method as recited in claim 22 which further includes periodically updating the reference phase image using measurement NMR data acquired during the scan.
- 24. The method as recited in claim 23 which further includes the step of repeating the steps of claim 11 so as to provide a plurality of additional temperature maps.
- 25. The method as recited in claim 24 wherein measuring the signal phase shift is further comprised of measuring the change in the resonance frequency of the water proton.
- 26. The method as recited in claim 25 wherein measuring the signal phase shift is further comprised of correlating the change in the resonance frequency of the water proton to a change in temperature.
- 27. The method as recited in claim 26 wherein the image acquisition sequence follows as such:

in which P(i) denotes the i'th k-space line in plane P.

28. The method as recited in claim 27 in which the NMR pulse sequences are RF-spoiled gradient echo pulse sequences.